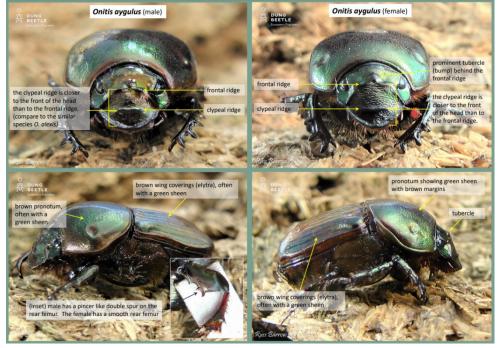








Onitis aygulus (introduced)







CMA regions that *O. aygulus* is known to be present (Source: DBEE). NB Absence may

reflect a lack of collecting efforts.

Size: 20-25 mm

Colour: A two-toned beetle. Pronotum is dark brown with a copper or green

sheen and wing covers are a lighter brown.

Horns: Females have a small bump on the back of their head.

Active seasons: Spring to autumn. Flight time: dusk and dawn.

Distribution in Australia: Found in Western Victoria, SA, NSW and southern WA.

Similar species: *Onitis alexis* is similar but smaller on average (13-20 mm) and males have a single spur on hind legs compared to the double spur in *O. aygulus* (above).

South West Prime Lamb Group (SWPLG) demonstrations: *O. aygulus* have been trapped at Cashmore and Hamilton in low numbers.

Lifecycle: *O. aygulus* buries its nest to a depth of 16 cm, comprising of brood 'sausages' each with up to eight eggs. **Dung burial:** 5-16 cm deep.

Establishment of O. aygulus: Beetles can be introduced as starter colonies. A link to suppliers can be found below.

Acknowledgments & references:

Photos by Russ Barrow- Dung Beetle Ecosystem Engineer (DBEE) Project www.dungbeetles.com.au

Dung Beetle Ecosystems Engineers (DBEE) project www.dungbeetles.com.au/species/onitis-aygulus

Dung Beetles in the South West of Western Australia https://www.dungbeetlessouthwest.org.au/onitis-aygulus

Dung beetle suppliers: https://www.dungbeetles.com.au/livestock-producers/buying-dung-beetles